#### M. A. Examination - 2024

#### Semester - III

# **Comparative Religion**

# MACOMRSP306 - Postcolonial Studies in Religion

Time: 3 Hours		Full Marks: 60

# Questions are of value as indicated in the margin

# Answer any four questions

1.	How does Edward Said explain the representational character of Orientalism? Ou	ıtline.
		15
2.	How do Oriental studies familiarise the non-familiar aspects of the East? Explain it Said.	after
	그래마다 하다고요. 뭐야 않는 것이 맛있는 그 사이가 하면 하는 하는 것이 가장 그렇게 맛있다. 그리고 있었다면 하는 것이 없는 사람들은 살이 되었다.	15
3.	Write an essay on how Said uses Gramsci's notion of hegemony and Foucault's and	lytics
V.	of knowledge/power to elucidate his theory of Orientalism.	15
4.	you must the methods of postcolonialism as applicable to decolonise the r	native
	dominant cultural narratives? Give your explanations.	15
5.	How does Postcolonialism contest the cultural representations of the Orienta colonial texts? Explain.	l and
_	그 전 그는 그리고 그리고 그리고 회사는 그 소프켓은 이번 가게 하는 그리고 있다. 그는 그 사람이 그는 그 그 사람이 그는 그 사람이 없는데 없었다는 것 같아.	15
6.	the propose to decolonise the p	ower
	relations in textuality through reading strategies? Explain.	+ 10

#### M.A. Examination, 2024

#### Semester - III

### Comparative Religion

#### Course: MACOMROP302

## Modern Religious Movements in India - I

Full Marks: 60 Time: 3 Hours Answer any four questions Each question is of value as indicated in the margin 1. Describe the socio-religious reform activities of Raja Rammohan Roy in the context of socio-religious challenges faced by the early nineteenth 15 century Bengal. 2. Discuss the contribution of Devendranath Tagore as the leader of Brahmo 15 Samaj and as the founder of Brahmo Dharma. 3. Evaluate the role of Brahmananda Keshab Chandra Sen in the Brahmo Samaj movement. How was he responsible for the two divisions that 5+10=15 happened within the Brahmo Samaj organization during his period of time? 4. Give an idea of the 'root and branch' reform prescribed by Swami Vivekananda in the backdrop of the existing socio-religious reform 15 movements of his times. 5. Describe the nature of overall 'awakening' of India through the impact of Vivekananda. Can this awakening be called 'Hindu revivalism'? Give your 15 views on the matter. 6. Write short notes on any two of the following: a) Naba Bidhan or The New Dispensation 7.5+7.5=15b) Tattvabodhini Sabha and Patrika c) Calcutta Unitarian Society by Rammohan Roy

# M.A. Examination, 2024

#### Semester-III

# **Comparative Religion**

# Course: MACOMROP305

# Women and Religion-I

# (For Regular and Back Candidates)

Time: 3 Hours Full Marks: 60

# Questions are of equal value as indicated in the margin. Answer any four questions

1.	Write a brief note on the status of Women in Hinduism during Middle and later Vedic periods.	15
2.	Briefly examine the important factors responsible for shaping gender practices among the Muslim community.	15
3.	Do you think Sikhism as an egalitarian religion which is more supportive of women than other religions? Justify your answer.	15
4.	Write a brief note on the important factors responsible for shaping gender practices among the Buddhist community.	15
5.	Critically examine the image of women in Jainism as debated by Digmbara and Śvetāmbara schools of Jainism.	15
6.	Discuss briefly the role and status of Syrian Christian women in India.	15

# M.A. Examination, 2024 Semester III Comparative Religion Course: MACOMRSP-303 The Bhagavad Gita (Classical Commentaries)

Time: 3 Hours Full Marks: 60

### Questions are of value as indicated in the margin

#### Answer any four questions.

- 1. What is karma-jñāna samuccaya? How does Śańkara refute the possibility of karma-jñāna samuccaya in spite of Bhagavadgītā's declaration, "whoever performs the work that has to be done is the renouncer and Yogin, not he who has rejected the household fires"? Explain.

  3+12=15
- 2. Give an account of the technique of meditation as given in the 'Dhyānayoga' of the Bhagavadgītā. What are the preparatory instructions and prohibitions for a practitioner of such meditation? Enumerate.

  10+5=15
- 3. Write a brief exposition on the characteristics of a Yogī following Śańkara's commentary on the 'Dhyānayoga' of the Bhagavadgītā.
- 4. What are the arguments given by Arjuna in favour of his proposal to withdraw from the battle of Kurukşetra? Explain and examine.
- 5. What is the fate of the lax practitioner of yoga whose mind is rich in faith but who fails to reach perfection in Yoga in the present life? Explain following Śańkara's exposition on the Bhagavadgītā.
- 6. Bring out the philosophical significance of -

15

"nārāyaṇaḥ parovyaktāt akhandamavyaktasambhavam/
andasyāntastivame lokāḥ saptadīpā ca medinī//"