Use separate answer script for each group

M. A. Examination, 2019
Semester-I
Rural Management
Paper – I

Time: 4 Hours **Full Marks: 80**

Group – A (Marks : 40)
Rural Development Concept and Theories

Answer any ***four*** questions

1. What are the major challenges that the rural India is facing today and how can India cope with those challenges? 7+3=10

2. Outline a strategy to enable rural India to harness the opportunities emerging in the new era characterised by globalization and liberalization. 10

3. What do you understand by the term 'sociological dualism'? Discuss. 10

4. What is sustainable development? Discuss the strategies of rural development in India. 4+6=10

5. Discuss about Participatory Planning Approach. What are the advantages of involving the people in the process of implementation of rural development programmes? 5+5=10

6. What is rural development and discuss the importance of rural development in India. 4+6=10

Group – B (Marks : 40)

Answer Question No. 6 and any ***three*** from the rest

Rural Development in India and Rural Development Approaches in other Selected Counties

1. How was the Economic condition of our country under British rule? Explain the factors responsible for economic decline under British rule. 4+6=10

2. What is Marthandam Project? What were the 'approaches', 'objectives' and 'strategies' of Marthandam project? Explain shortcomings of the project in your own wards. 2+6+2=10

P.T.O.

3. Explain the 'achievements' and 'limitations' of the Gurgaon Project. What were the similarities and differences in the principles of Gurgaon project and Sriniketan project?

4+6=10

4. What are the objectives of Rural Development? Explain the policies of rural development in India after independence?

4+6=10

5. After merging which schemes the Swarnajayanti Gram Swarozgar Yojana (SGSY) is launched? When it was launched? Discuss the impact of SGSY programme apart from the economic gain in the rural society. 2+2+6=10

6. Write short note on any ***two*** of the following: 5X2=10

(a) Social Condition under British rule

(b) Baroda Project

(c) NRLM

(d) MGNREGA

Use separate answer script for each group

M. A. Examination, 2019
Semester-I
Rural Management
Paper-II

Time: 4 Hours **Full Marks: 80**

Questions are of value as indicated in the margin

Group – A (Marks : 40)

Rural Society in India

Answer any ***four*** questions

1. Define Society. Discuss about the basic characteristics of Society.

   4+6=10

2. What do you mean by the term 'Community'? Briefly discuss the elements of rural Community.

   4+6=10

3. Discuss the definition, origin and concept of 'Social System'. What are the characteristics of Social System?

   6+4=10

4. What do you understand by social structure? Discuss the elements of rural social structure.

   5+5=10

5. Define Family. Discuss the essential functions of Family.

   4+6=10

6. Write short notes on any two from the followings:

   5+5=10

   a) Caste system in India.
   b) Child Marriage.
   c) Social Change.
   d) Tribal Society.

P.T.O.

Group – B (Marks : 40)

Demographic Dynamics and Population Science

Answer Question No. 6 and any ***three*** from the rest

1. Define Rural Demography? Discuss the present Demographic Dynamics in the context of rural India.

   3+7=10

2. What is the central theme of Malthusian theory of Population? Whether this is relevant in Indian population situation?

   3+7=10

3. What are the difference between census and survey? How does the NSSO functioning throughout the country?

   3+7=10

4. What are the Government main approaches for curbing population growth? To curb the population growth how far the present family planning programs are successful in India.

   3+7=10

5. Discuss in brief the Population Policy in India.

   10

6. Write a Short Note on any ***two*** of the followings: 5x2=10

   a. Kerala hypothesis of demographic transition.
   b. Procedure of census operation in India.
   c. Marxian theory of population.
   d. Population Education in higher Education .

Use separate answer script for each group

M. A. Examination, 2019
Semester-I
Rural Management
Paper – III

Time: 4 Hours **Full Marks: 80**

Questions are of value as indicated in the margin

Group – A (Marks : 40)

Basic Managerial Microeconomics

Answer question No. 5 and **any three** from the rest.

1. (a) What do you mean by scarcity?
   (b) What is the relationship between scarcity and choice?
   (c) Distinguish between positive and normative economics.
   (d) How can you measure slope of a straight line? 2+3+3+2 = 10
2. (a) What is the Law of Supply?
   (b) Derive the supply schedule and supply curve from the following equation:
   Qs = -40 + 20Px (*cet. per.)*
   (c) Enumerate with illustration the Equilibrium price from the following Demand and Supply schedule:

Px	Qdx	Qsx
6	2000	8000
5	3000	6000
4	4000	4000
3	5000	2000
2	6000	0

2+4+4=10

3. (a) "We can calculate Elasticity of Demand by dividing change in quantity demanded with change in price." Justify the statement whether it is wrong or right. If it is wrong what will be the correct statement?
   (b) Discuss different properties of indifference curves.
   (c) Calculate the price elasticity of demand if the price decreases from Rs.2,000 to Rs.1,800 and Quantity demanded per year increases from 5000 to 6000 units. 2+4+4=10

4. (a) What do you mean by production function?
   (b) What are Total Product, Average Product and Marginal Product?
   (b) Find out short run production relationships from the following data :

Labour	Total Product	Average Product	Marginal Product
0	0		
1	4		
2	10		
3	13		
4	15		
5	16		

2 +3+5=10

P.T.O.

5. **Write short notes on <u>any four</u>** 2.5 x 4 = 10

(a) Perfect market Vs. Imperfect market
(b) Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility
(c) Long Run Production Function
(d) Isoquant
(e) Monopolistic Competition
(f) Fixed cost and variable costs

Group – B (Marks : 40)
Quantitative Technique for Rural Management – I (Basic Statistics)
Answer Question No. 6 and any ***three*** from the rest

1. (a). Explain the advantages and disadvantages of diagrammatic representation of data. What type of diagram is more appropriate to explain the data related to occupation of households of a particular village? 3+2=5

(b). Followings are the most populous countries in the Globe in 2011. Construct a Pie Chart for the following data. 5

Country	China	India	USA	Indonesia	Brazil	Pakistan	Bangladesh
Population (Million)	134.1	121.02	30.87	23.76	19.07	18.48	16.44

2. You are given below the income of some daily labourer in a small village. Frame a frequency distribution table with class interval of Rs.5.0.

75	58	80	86	76	65	75	76	72	86	83	82
80	88	68	66	63	60	69	80	66	87	73	58
76	74	85	96	60	72	86	79	95	84	41	76
78	74	74	56	50	80	66	96	80	68	79	73
72	73	87	77	60	87	40	82	77	87	76	82
66	81	84	72	63	59	76	52	57	78	79	92
80	65	90	75	74	98	64	45	68	57	79	79
83	35	76	88	67	75	60	52	63	80	94	34
78	64	58	56								

10

3. Monthly savings of 227 SHGs are given below:

Savings(Rs.)	90-100	100-110	110-120	120-130	130-140	140-150	150-160
No. of SHGs	16	22	45	60	50	24	10

Calculate
(a) Number of SHGs whose savings between Rs.105 and Rs144.
(b) Number of SHGs whose savings less than Rs.115. and
(c) Number of SHGs whose savings greater than Rs.144.

$5+2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}=10$

P.T.O.

4. (a) Find the mean of the following distribution: 5

Age in years	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-34	45-59	Total
No. of persons	37	81	43	24	9	6	200

(b) Find the missing frequencies in the following distribution, when it is known that A.M.=11.09 and total frequency is 60. 5

Class Limit	9.3-9.7	9.8-10.2	10.3-10.7	10.8-11.2	11.3-11.7	11.8-12.2	12.3-12.7	12.8-13.2
Frequency	2	5	f1	f2	14	6	3	1

5. (a) The mean and SD calculated from 20 observations are 15 and 10 respectively. If an additional observation 5, left out through oversight, be included in the calculation, find the corrected mean and SD. **5**

(b) From the following data calculate 'less than' and 'more than' cumulative frequencies:

Age (years)	Frequency
15-19	37
20-24	81
25-29	43
30-34	24
35-44	9
45-59	6
Total	200

5

6. Write a short note on any *two* of the following: 5X2=10

(a) Frequency Density

(b) Class Boundary

(c) Primary Data

(d) Class Mark

Use separate answer script for each group

M. A. Examination, 2019
Semester-I
Rural Management
Course - IV

Time: 4 Hours **Full Marks: 80**

Questions are of value as indicated in the margin

Group – A (Marks : 40) Financial Accounting

Question No. 1 compulsory. Answer any other three questions.

Question No.1 **A. Choose the correct answer:** 5

i) As per the business entity assumption, the business is different from the
a) owners b) banker c) government
ii) Going concern assumption tell us the life of the business is
a) very short b) very long c) none
iii) Cost incurred should be matched with the revenues of the particular period is based on
a) matching concept b) historical cost concept c) full disclosure concept
iv) As per dual aspect concept, every business transaction has
a) three aspects b) one aspect c) two aspects:
v) Stock in trades are to be recorded at cost or market price whichever is lower is based on the principle
a) historical cost b)average cost c)weighted average cost

B. Fill in the blanks: **5**

1. The source document gives information about the nature of the _________.
2. The accounting equation is a statement of _________ between the debits and credits.
3. In double entry book-keeping, every transaction affects at least two _________.
4. Assets are always equal to liabilities plus _________.
5. A transaction which increases the capital is called _________.

Question No.2 Write short note on any two the following: **2X5 = 10**

a) Dual aspect concept
b) Classification of accounts
c) Source documents

Question No. 3 **10**

On the basis of following information show the accounting equation and draw a Balance Sheet.

	Rs.
Mr Ganguly commenced business with cash	400000
Purchased goods on credit	320000
Purchased goods for cash	280000
Computer purchased for cash	30000
Sold goods for cash costing Rs.180000	240000
Withdrew cash for private use	50000
Paid to creditors	120000
Goods sold on credit (cost price Rs.15000)	20000
Paid salaries	5000
Paid rent	2000

P.T.O.

Question No. 4 **10**

Pass journal entries in the books of Mr. Ray for the following transactions.

2019			
April	1	Mr. Ray commenced business Capital brought in	Rs.400000
	2	Bought goods from Das	Rs.135000
	3	Sold goods to Behara on credit	Rs.185000
	4	Amount paid to Das	Rs. 35000
	7	Behara paid cash	Rs.125000
	9	Damaged goods returned to Das	Rs. 20000
	10	Amount paid to Das	Rs. 50000
	19	Furniture purchased	Rs. 10000
	21	Rent paid	Rs. 5000
	23	Motor cycle purchased	Rs. 45000
	29	Salaries paid	Rs. 23000

Question No. 5 **10**

Record the following transaction in the Cash Book of Mr.Sarkar.

2019	April	
	1 Cash in hand	Rs.40000
	3 Sold goods for cash	Rs.20000
	4 Credit purchases from Dey	Rs.24000
	6 Received from Panja	Rs.50000
	9 Cash deposited in bank	Rs.20000
	14 Paid cash to Dey	Rs.17600
	18 Paid for Electricity charges	Rs. 3200
	20 Salaries paid	Rs. 4000
	24 Received cash from Chakraborty	Rs. 4000
	28 Cash drawn from bank	Rs. 5000

Question No. 6 **10**

From the following trial balance of Mr.John, prepare Trading, Profit and Loss Account for the year

Particulars	Debit Rs.	Particulars	Credit Rs.
Purchase	1080000	Sales	2020000
Office Expenses	12000	Returns Inward	22000
Returns outward	15000	Discount received	13000
Salaries	550000	Interest Received	27000
Trading Expenses	23000	Capital	375000
Carriage Inward	21000		
Trading Expenses	35000		
Discount Allowed	4000		
Commission	6000		
Stock	70000		
Income Tax (TDS)	50000		
Cash in hand	591000		
Total	2475000	Total	2475000

Value of closing stock 270000

Group – B (Marks : 40)
Principles of Management

Answer question No. 6 and any three from the rest

1. (a) What are the basic managerial functions of an organization?

   (b) What are the Managerial Competencies? Illustrate your points. 4+6 = 10

2. (a) Distinguish between traditional view and modern view of management.

   (b) What do you mean by management principles?

   (c) Discuss with illustration any four important Principles of Management as per Fayol's description. 4+2+4 =10

3. (a) What do you mean by the General Environment of an Organization?

   (b) What is the difference between Vision and Mission? Discuss with suitable examples.

   (c) Who are the stakeholders of a project? How do you analyze their stake to a project? 3 + 3 + (1+3) =10

4. (a) What are the major components of a strategic plan? Illustrate.

   (b) Present a SWOT analysis with the following case study:

   Apple has recently concluded their Apple Event and released intimate details about the upcoming iPhone 12, new expansions for the Apple Watch, and their new Bluetooth headphones — AirPods. They've come a long way since the initial Macintosh computer, but in business, there's always room for adjustment.

   4 + 6 = 10

5. (a) Discuss the advantage of participative management in an organization.

   (b) What are the stages of group development?

   (c) What are the characteristics of a well functioning effective group?

   3+4+3=10

6. **Write short notes on any four** 2.5 x 4 = 10

(g) Types of Managers
(h) Taylor's Four Principles of Management
(i) Task Environment Actors
(j) Goal vs. objectives
(k) Characteristics of a Team